IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA NORTHERN DIVISION

LEON FOY,
Plaintiff,

Vs.

Case #2:05-CV-946-F

BOB RILEY, et al., Defendants.

SPECIAL REPORT OF WILLIAM SEGREST, Executive Director of The Alabama Board of Pardons & Paroles

Comes now William Segrest, Executive Director of the Alabama Board of Pardons and Paroles, named as a Defendant in the above-styled action, and shows unto the Court as follows:

The Complaint

Foy has filed a §1983 complaint against the Governor, the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Corrections, the Director of the Classification Division of the Department of Corrections, and the

Executive Director of the Board of Pardons & Paroles, in their official capacity. He alleges that the prison system in Alabama is so overcrowded that the conditions of confinement constitute cruel and unusual punishment in violation of the Eighth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. He seeks declaratory and injunctive relief.

Foy alleges that the Board of Pardons & Paroles is arbitrary and capricious in denying parole. He contends that the Board has no "specific criteria" for its parole decisions. He contends that the Board requires some prisoners to serve their entire sentence without being granted parole.

Defendant's Position

Segrest denies the material averments of the Complaint, and in particular the averments of Paragraphs 13 and 39, which appear to be the only averments directed to him or the Board he serves. The Board of Pardons & Paroles is separate and distinct from the Department of Corrections. In fact, it is separate and distinct from the Executive Branch. It is

not subordinate to the Governor, but instead performs functions that are constitutionally severed from the Executive Branch and vested in the Legislative Branch pursuant to Amendment 38 of the State Constitution.

Segrest does not perform the functions of the Board. He advises the Board, and he carries out its decisions. The complaint fails to state a claim against him, in either his individual capacity or his official capacity. As a matter of law, the Executive Director has no authority to grant or deny parole to any prisoner. That power is vested in the Board.

To the extent that the complaint may be construed to aver that Segrest offers advice or performs other discretionary functions that affect the operation of the prison system, he is protected by the doctrine of qualified immunity. The complaint fails to show that any action taken by Segrest violates the Constitution; that a reasonable official in his position would know that it violates the Constitution; and that his action violates clearly established law.

To the extent that the complaint may be construed as an attempt to aver that the Board has violated

plaintiff's constitutional rights, the members of that Board are also entitled to qualified immunity.

Furthermore, the complaint fails to state a claim against those members.

The Constitution does not require that a State establish a parole system. The Constitution does not require that prisoners be released prior to the end of their sentences. If a State establishes a parole system, the Constitution does not require that the parole system include an entitlement to release. If there is no entitlement to release, the Constitution does not require that the prisoner receive any procedural protections in the parole decision. The Constitution permits States to establish purely discretionary parole systems, in which release decisions are based primarily on society's welfare rather than on the prisoner's welfare. The complaint fails to state a colorable constitutional challenge to Alabama's parole statutes.

Under certain circumstances, this Court could conceivably grant some form of relief against the Executive Branch defendants. However, the Prison

Litigation Reform Act precludes this Court from ordering Segrest or the Board to act contrary to the Alabama statutes governing parole.

Segrest and the Board do not have specific knowledge of the facts regarding Foy's averments against the other Defendants. Segrest neither admits nor denies those averments. Even if those averments are true, the complaint fails to allege any action by Segrest that deprives him of a right, privilege or immunity protected under the Constitution or laws of the United States.

Even if the Court finds that the prison system is so overcrowded as to warrant relief, Foy will not be entitled to release. It appears that the greatest benefit he can hope to attain is an improvement in the conditions of his confinement in the event that other prisoners are released or in the event that, through some other measures, the prisons become less crowded.

Foy has been considered for parole on numerous occasions. He was most recently denied parole on 27 July 2005. The Board ordered further consideration next year. The newspaper articles attached as exhibits to

the complaint illustrate the effort the Board and its staff have expended to alleviate the conditions in the prison system. These efforts have been consistent with their duty to base release decisions on the welfare of society. The corresponding decisions not to release other inmates have also been consistent with that duty. The Constitution does not entitle Foy to an explanation of the reasons that the Board withheld discretionary relief.

Segrest expresses no opinion as to whether the Complaint states a claim against the Executive Branch Defendants. Assuming arguendo that it does, the Complaint fails to present a justiciable controversy with Segrest or the Board he serves. Segrest and the Board have no stake in the controversy over the constitutionality of the conditions of confinement in the Alabama prison system. The Complaint fails to establish subject-matter jurisdiction over any actions Segrest or the Board have taken.

Conclusion

The Complaint does not present a justiciable controversy with Segrest or the agency he serves. The Complaint fails to aver any act by Segrest or the Board he serves that deprives any person of any right, privilege or immunity protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States. The Complaint fails to allege any act by Segrest taken under color of law. The Complaint fails to allege that Segrest has violated the Constitution or laws of the United States. The Complaint does not show that a reasonable official in Segrest's position would know that he was violating clearly established law. The Complaint seeks no relief that Segrest can deliver.

Segrest is absolutely immune. He is also entitled to qualified immunity. The Court lacks subject-matter jurisdiction in the absence of a justiciable controversy. The Complaint fails to state a claim under §1983 against Segrest or the Board he serves.

Whatever course the Court may follow in addressing the averments against the other Defendants, Segrest is due to be dismissed from this action now, and there is

no just reason for delay in making final a judgment in his favor.

Respectfully submitted,

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CHIEF COUNSEL

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on 1 December 2005, I electronically filed the foregoing with the clerk of the court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following: Troy King, Bob Riley, Donal Campbell and Paul Whaley, and I hereby certify that I have mailed by United Stated Postal Service the document to the following non-CM/ECF participants:

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Done this 1st day of December, 2005.

Respectfully submitted,

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